

Class _____

Marks : _____

Subject _____

Time : _____

Name: _____

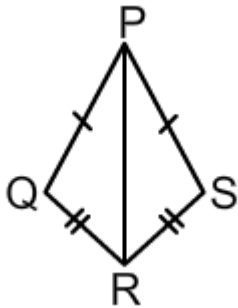
Roll No. : _____

Division : _____

Question 1

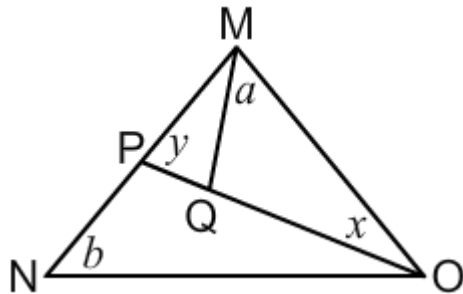
In the figure given alongside, $\triangle PQR \cong \triangle PSR$.

If $\angle P = 72^\circ$ and $\angle R = 98^\circ$, what is the value of $\angle PQR$?

 A. 87° B. 90° C. 95° D. 99° **Question 2**

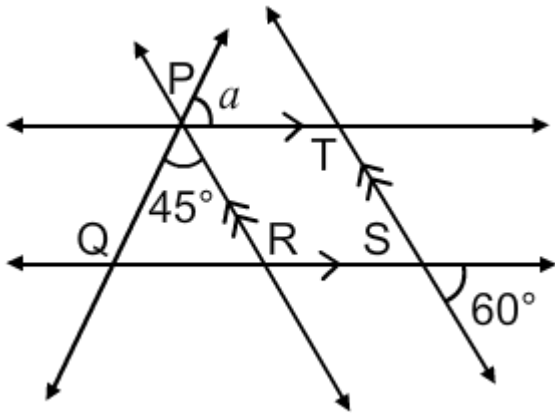
In $\triangle MNO$, the bisector of $\angle NOM$ meets MN at P.

Which of the following statements is true?

 A. B. C. D.

Question 3

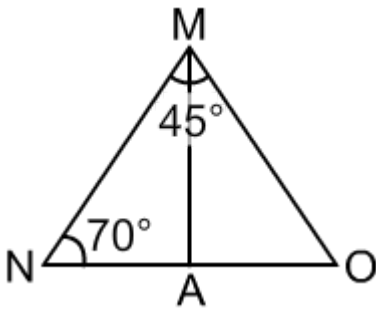
Find the value of a in the figure given alongside.



- A. 75°
- B. 77°
- C. 78°
- D. 80°

Question 4

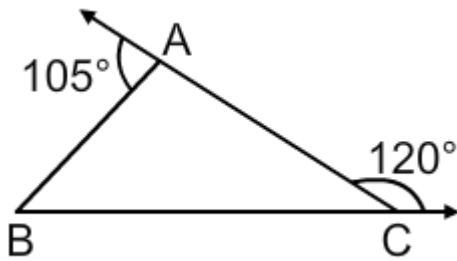
In $\triangle MNO$, if $\angle M = 45^\circ$ and $\angle N = 70^\circ$ which is the largest side of the triangle?



- A. MN
- B. MO
- C. NO
- D. MA

Question 5

What is the value of $\angle ABC$?



A. 45°

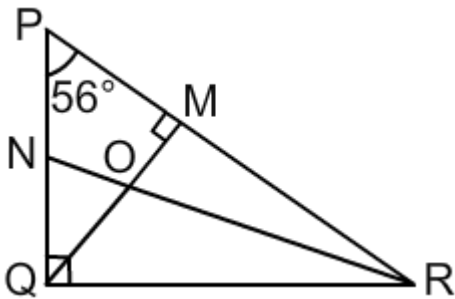
B. 47°

C. 58°

D. 65°

Question 6

In the figure, RN is the bisector of $\angle R$.
RN and QM intersect at O. $\angle M = \angle Q = 90^\circ$.
What is the value of $\angle ROM$?



A. 67°

B. 73°

C. 83°

D. 98°

Question 7

Which of the following statements are true?

- i. If two sides of a triangle are equal, the angles opposite them are equal.
- ii. A scalene triangle is a triangle in which all sides are equal.
- iii. An obtuse-angled triangle is a triangle in which two angles are obtuse.
- iv. If two sides of a triangle are unequal, the angle opposite the longer side is larger.

A. i and iv

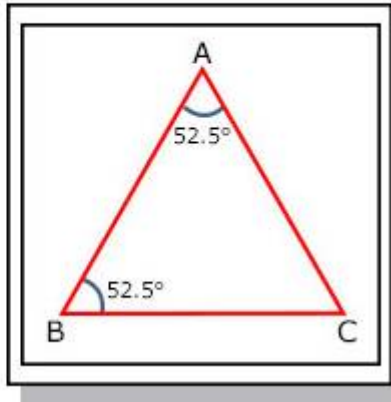
B. i, iii and iv

C. iii and iv

D. ii and iii

Question 8

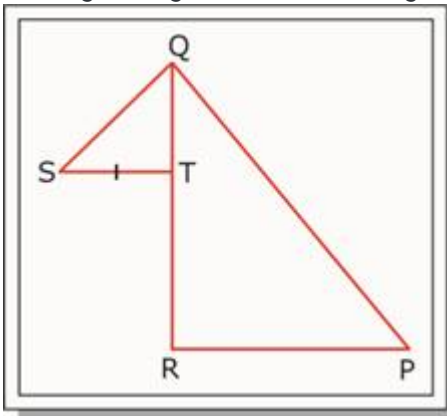
In $\triangle ABC$, if $\angle A = \angle B = 52.5^\circ$, then the longest side is... .



- A. AB
- B. BC
- C. CA
- D. None of the above

Question 9

In the given figure, PQR is a triangle. T is a point on QR, and if S is a point, such that $RT = ST$, then $PQ + PR$ _____ .



- A. $PQ + PR > QS$
- B. $PQ + PR = QS$
- C. $PQ + PR < QS$
- D.

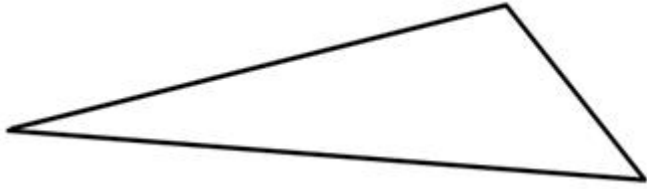
Question 10

Which of the following combinations does not represent the sides of a triangle?

- A. 5 cm, 6 cm, 8 cm
- B. 4.5 cm, 7.2 cm, 9.3 cm
- C. 6.8 cm, 12 cm, 4.6 cm
- D. 5 cm, 12 cm, 13 cm

Question 11

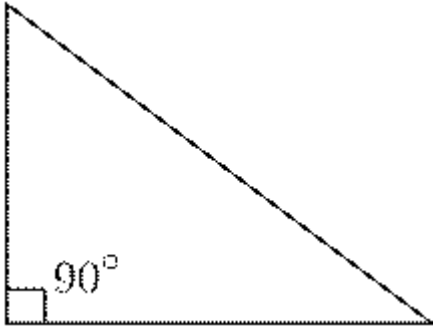
In a triangle, at the most one angle is... .



- A. acute
- B. obtuse
- C. linear
- D. None of the above

Question 12

In a right angled triangle, _____ is the longest side.



- A. perpendicular
- B. base
- C. hypotenuse
- D. None of the above

Question 13

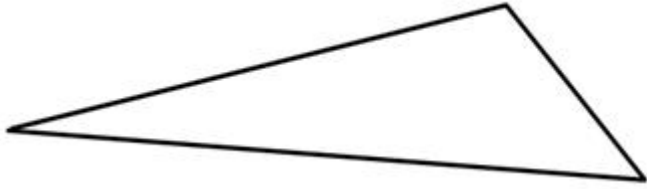
In a triangle, the sum of its two sides is _____ the third side.



- A. equal to
- B. lesser than
- C. greater than
- D. None of the above

Question 14

In a triangle, the angle opposite to the longer side is... .



- A. greater
- B. 90°
- C. smaller
- D. None of the above

Question 15

In $\triangle PQR$, if $\angle R > \angle Q$, then... .

- A. $QR > PR$
- B. $PQ > PR$
- C. $PQ < PR$
- D. $QR < PR$

Question 16

If two angles of a triangle are unequal, then the side opposite to the smaller angle is... .

- A. greater
- B. smaller
- C. 5 cm
- D. 10 cm

Question 17

Which of the following combinations represent the sides of a right angled triangle?

- A. 5 cm, 6 cm, 9 cm
- B. 6 cm, 8 cm, 12 cm
- C. 8 cm, 15 cm, 17 cm
- D. 4 cm, 5 cm, 6 cm

Question 18

In a right angled triangle, if acute angle is double the other angle, then hypotenuse is... .

- A. equal to the smallest side
- B. three times the smallest side
- C. twice the smallest side
- D. smaller than any of the two sides

Question 19

- A. $AD > BC$
- B. $AD = BC$
- C. $AD < BC$
- D. None of the above

Question 20

Which of the following options are true for a triangle ABC?

- A. $(AB + BC) > AC$
- B. $(AC - BC) > 2AB$
- C. $(AC - BC) < 2AB$
- D. (a) and (c) both

Question 21

Which of the following is true for the triangle ABC?

- A. $AB > AC > BC$
- B. $AC > AB > BC$
- C. $AC > BC > AB$

Question 22

Identify the shortest side of the triangle ABC.

- A. AB
- B. AC
- C. BC

Question 23

PQR is a right angled triangle, right angled at Q. If $\angle P$ measures 55° , then find the shortest side of the triangle.

- A. PQ
- B. PR
- C. QR

Question 24

PQR is a right angled triangle, right angled at Q. If $\angle P$ measures 55° , then find the longest side of the triangle.

- A. PQ
- B. PR
- C. QR

Question 25

State whether the statement is true or false.

The sum of any two angles of a triangle is always greater than the third angle.

- A. True
- B. False

Question 26

The perimeter of a triangle is _____ the sum of its medians.

- A. equal to
- B. less than
- C. more than
- D. half of

Question 27

The difference between any two sides of a triangle is _____ the third side.

- A. more than
- B. less than
- C. equal to
- D. half of

Question 28

In a triangle, the side opposite to larger angle is... .

- A. longer
- B. shorter
- C. equal
- D. None of the above

Question 29

- A.
- B.
- C.
- D.

Question 30

Identify the longest side of the triangle ABC.

- A. AB
- B. AC
- C. BC

Question 31

State whether the statement is true or false.

It is possible to construct a triangle with sides 5 cm, 7 cm and 12 cm.

- A. True
- B. False

Question 32

In a triangle, the angle opposite to the longest side is... .

- A. $> 60^\circ$
- B. of 50°
- C. $>90^\circ$
- D. None of the above

Question 33

- A. an acute angle
- B. an obtuse angle
- C. a linear angle
- D. a right angle

Question 34

The sum of three altitudes of a triangle is _____ the sum of its three sides.

- A. lesser than
- B. greater than
- C. equal to
- D. None of the above

Question 35

Identify the longest side of the triangle ABC.

- A. AB
- B. AC
- C. BC